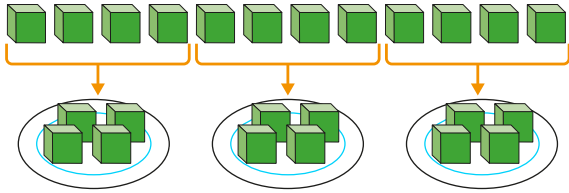


1



Complete the sentences.

There are 12 cubes.

There are plates.

Each plate has cubes.

12 divided into equal groups is



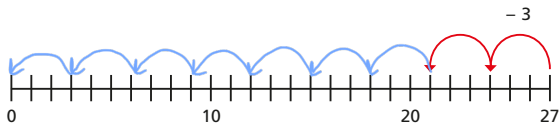
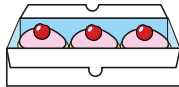
4

There are 27 cakes.

A box can hold 3 cakes.

How many boxes of 3 cakes can be filled?

Use the number line to help you.



boxes of 3 cakes can be filled.

5

Complete the bar model for the division $33 \div 3 = 11$



Is there more than one way to do this?

6

Complete the division statements for each problem.

a) Esther has 21 balloons.

She puts them into 3 party bags.

How many balloons are in each party bag?

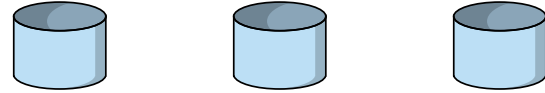
$$\boxed{21} \div \boxed{3} = \boxed{7}$$



2

Mo has 15 pencils.

He shares them equally into 3 pots.



How many pencils will there be in each pot?

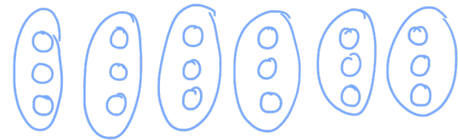
There will be pencils in each pot.



3

Divide 18 counters into groups of 3 counters.

Draw a picture to show what this would look like.



How many groups did you draw?

© White Rose Maths 2019

b) Nijah has 36 apples.

In each box there are 3 apples.

How many boxes are there?

$$\boxed{36} \div \boxed{3} = \boxed{12}$$

c) 24 children stand in groups of 3

How many groups are there?

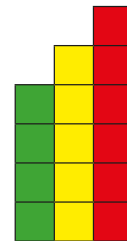
$$\boxed{24} \div \boxed{3} = \boxed{8}$$

7

Numbers that follow each other when you count are called consecutive numbers.

Three consecutive numbers can form a staircase.

Here is 4, 5 and 6



When you add three consecutive numbers, the total can always be divided equally by 3

Is this statement correct?

Talk about it with a partner.



© White Rose Maths 2019